



## MEETING REMINDERS



### **AUDIO**

Please make sure your line is muted unless you are asking a question during the q&a portion of the session.



### CHAT

Use the chat to introduce yourself & ask questions throughout the session!



## RECORDING

Slides, meeting recording and resources will be shared with all attendees



# Agenda

- Intro. to the Cervical Cancer
   Quality Improvement Learning
   Collaborative
- Cancer Disparities in the LGBTQIA+ Community
- Dr. Jorge Alvarado: *Promoting Inclusive Cervical Cancer Screening*
- Questions & Resources
- Next Steps



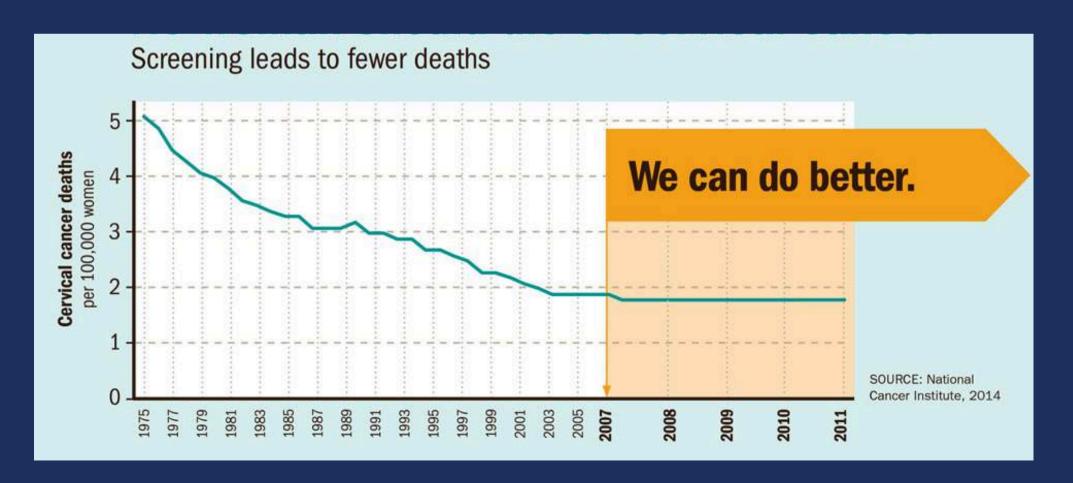
### UC San Diego

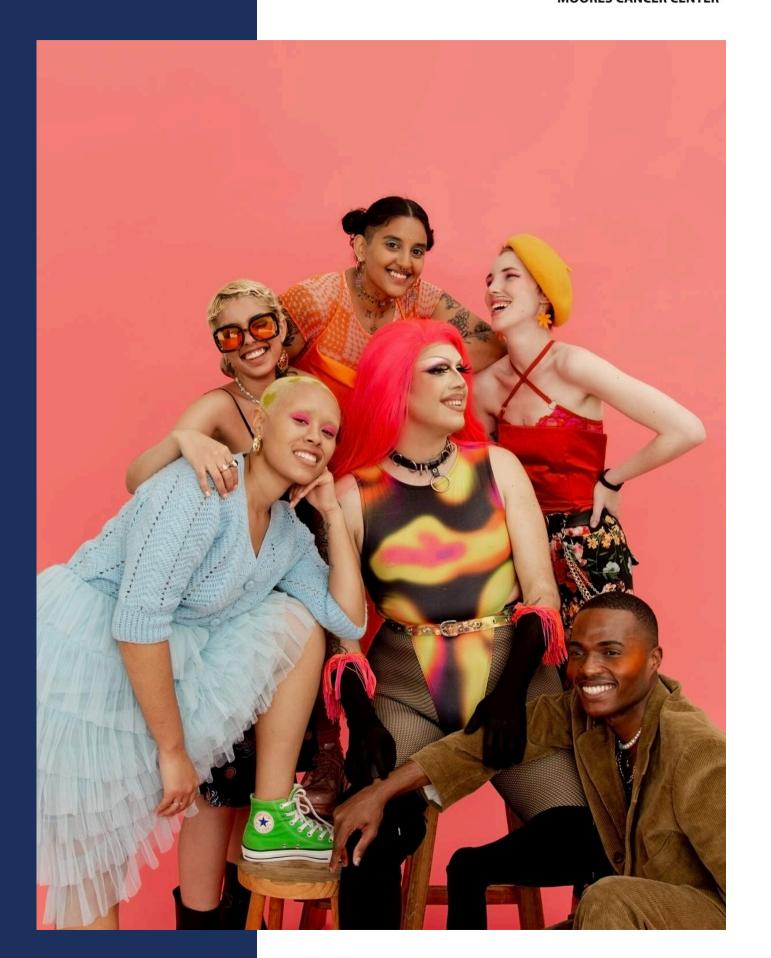
## Welcome!

This collaborative is led by the Community Outreach and Engagement team of Moores Cancer Center.

Our goal is to feature topics and speakers to help practitioners address the barriers to cervical cancer elimination in our San Diego-Baja California region.

#### No Individual with a Cervix Should Die of Cervical Cancer







## UC San Diego

#### **Session I:**

- Spotlight on Vista Community Clinic: Improving Community Outreach for Cervical Cancer Screening
- Cervical Cancer Screening Needs Assessment

### **Session II:**

 Enhancing and promoting inclusive cervical cancer screening for the entire San Diego community

#### **Session III:**

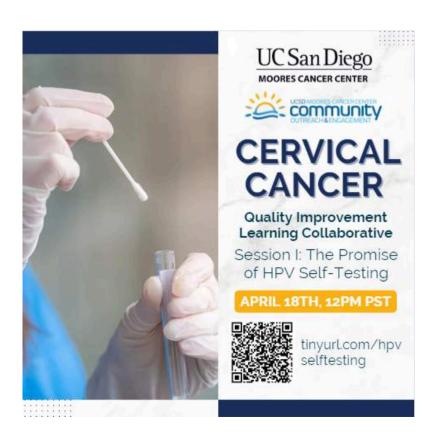
 Spotlight: Cervical Health on the Border



## 2024

### **Session I:**

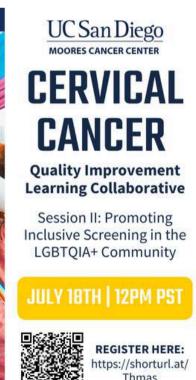
 The Promise of HPV Self-Testing

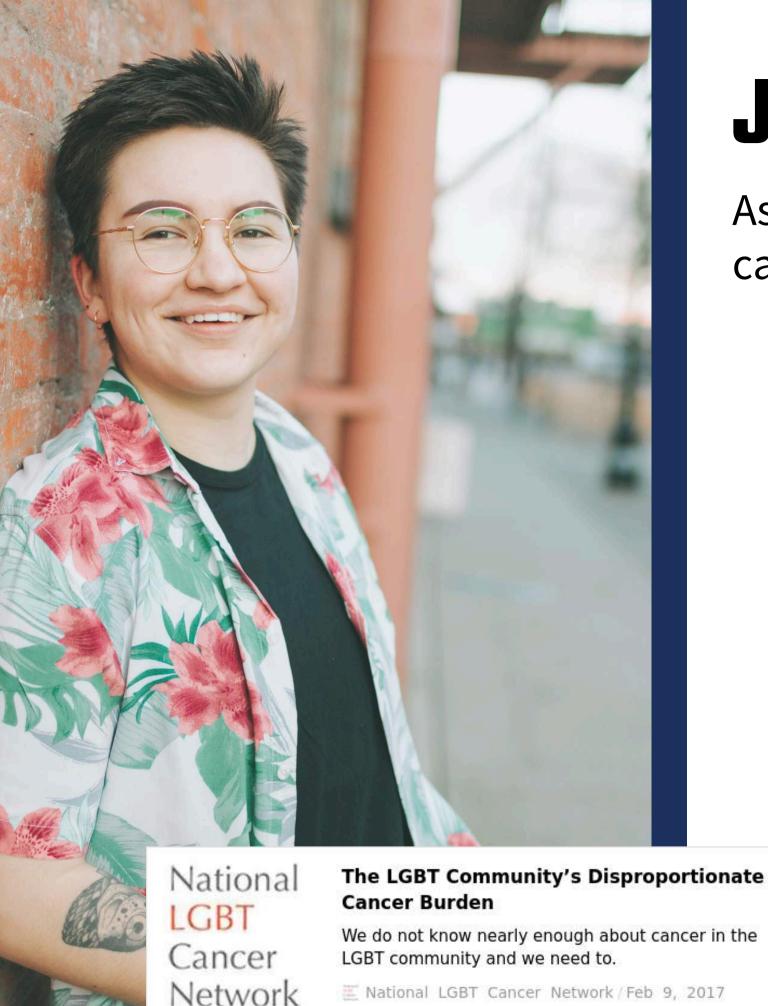


### **Session II:**

Inclusive Cervical Cancer Screening







## July is Pride Month in San Diego

As we celebrate Pride, it's important to acknowledge the cancer challenges faced by the LGBTQIA+ community

- Health records often don't include sexual orientation and gender identity (SOGI) data limiting our knowledge
- What we do know is that the LGBTQIA+ community interacts with risk factors differently than cis-gendered, heterosexual individuals making them more susceptible of developing cancer
- This includes:
  - Increased rates of smoking/alcohol consumption
  - Higher rates of obesity and high-fat diets
  - Lack of insurance
  - Distrust and/or discomfort engaging with their medical provider
  - Higher rates of infections (such as Human Papilomavirus)



## The LGBTIQA+ Community



7.6% of the US population identifies as LGBTQIA+

Copyright © 2024 Gallup, Inc.

Nearly 47% of LGBTQIA+ of color live in low income households

Racial Differences Among LGBT Adults in the US (Jan 2022) ©The Williams Institute 1 in 3 LGBTQIA+ identifying folx report their doctor never mentioning cancer screening

©2024, American Cancer Society, Inc.



# Health Care Disparities in the LGBTQIA+ Community

- Even with adequate healthcare, many LGBTQIA+ individuals still face barriers when attempting to access cancer screening
  - Individuals might have misconceptions about their risk
  - Fear around invasive procedures
  - Not have access to a LGBTQIA+ competent/trained provider

Lesbian/bisexual women are ~50% less likely & transgender/nonbinary people w/ a cervix are ~75% less likely to receive routine pap test than heterosexual, cisgender women



San Diego Institute for Public Health





## Human Papillomavirus

- Human papillomavirus (HPV) is a commonly transmitted sexual infection
- HPV causes almost all cervical cancers, 90% of anal cancers, 70% of oropharyngeal cancers making it a leading risk factor

Heterosexual women are 20% more likely to have received at least 1 dose compared to lesbian/bi women.



## **Spotlight: Cervical Cancer in the Trans/Non-Binary Community**

- Transgender men are less likely to be current on cervical cancer screening than cisgender women.
- Transgender men who have sex with cisgender men w/ inconsistent condom use are at increased risk for HPV infection and undetected disease progression.
- HPV also prevalent among MSM (37% among HIV negative; 74% among HIV positive).

Haviland, K. S., Swette, S., Kelechi, T., & Mueller, M. (2020). Barriers and Facilitators to Cancer Screening Among LGBTQ Individuals With Cancer. Oncology nursing forum



# Enhancing Healthcare for Sexual and Gender Minority Patients

# Create a welcoming environment

Use more inclusive language in day-to-day practices.

Showcase diverse representation.

Gather
Sex/Gender
Identity
Information

Ask for and use correct names and pronouns.

If you make a mistake, apologize and move on.

Provide ongoing cultural competency training and initiate workforce development

Equip staff with knowledge and skills to address unique health needs.







# Encourage Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity Disclosure



**Enables personalized and relevant care** 

Address health disparities

Improve patient-provider communication

Facilitate appropriate screenings and prevention



More accurate population health data

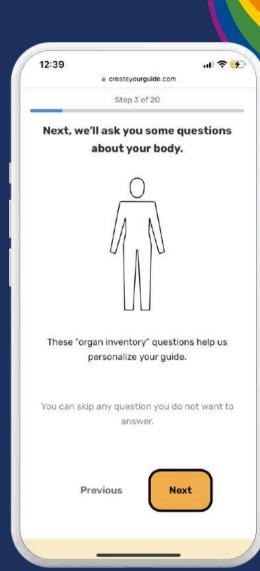
Reduced health disparities



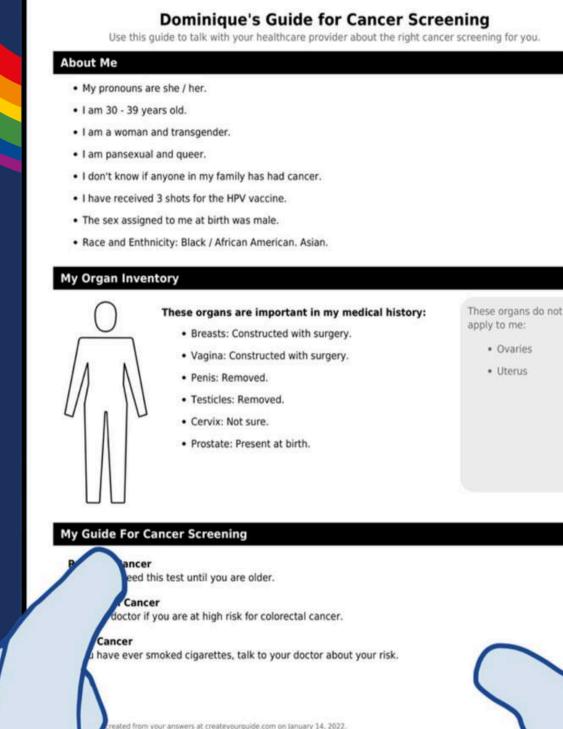


# LGBTQIA+ Guide for Screening Cancer

- Customized recommendations for the LGBTQ+ community using answers in the Create Your Guide.
- The recommendations on this website are based on guidelines by the American Cancer Society.



<u>createyourguide.com</u>



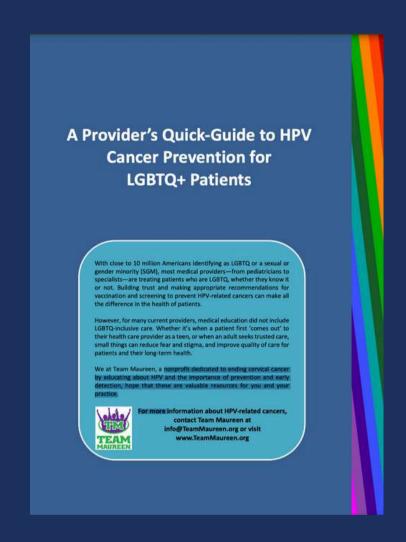
## Additional Resources





LGBTQIA+ Glossary of Terms for Health Care Teams (2024)

lgbtqiahealtheducation. org/glossary/



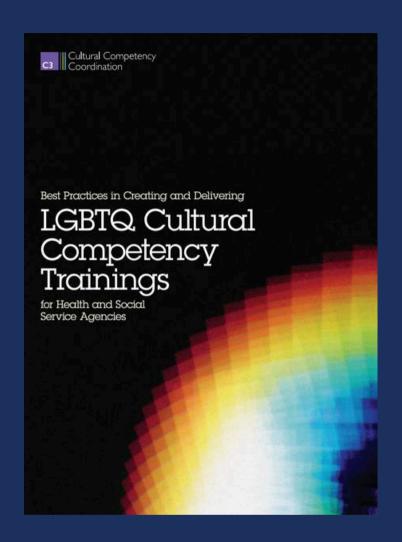
A Provider's Quick-Guide to HPV Cancer Prevention for LGBTQ+ Patients

teammaureen.org/abo ut/lgtbq/



Welcoming Spaces: Treating Your LGBTQ+ Patient

connected.sgo.org/cont ent/welcoming-spacesseries



Best Practices in
Creating and Delivering
LGBTQ Cultural
Competency Trainings
for Health and Social
Service Agencies

cancer-network.org

## Promoting Inclusive Cervical Cancer Screening

Jorge L. Alvarado, MD, FACOG

Obstetrician/Gynecologist Assistant Clinical Professor Reproductive Sciences





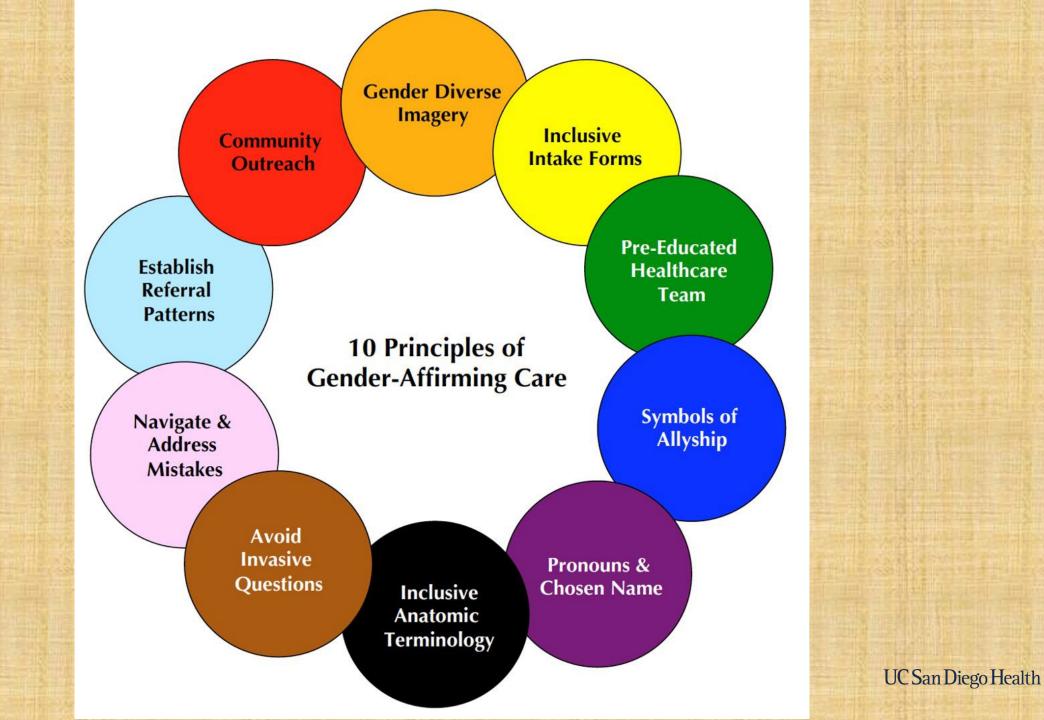
# Promoting Inclusive Cervical Cancer Screening for the LGBTQIA+ community

Jorge L. Alvarado, MD (he/him)

Assistant Clinical Professor, Associate Residency Program Director

Department of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Sciences





### Barriers to cervical cancer screening in LGBTQIA+ community

- Fear of pelvic exam
- History of trauma
- Providers who are unfamiliar or uncomfortable with caring for LGBTQIA+ folx
- Misgendering
- Dysphoria with being at a clinic that is not inclusive
- Dysphoria with pelvic examination

#### APPROACH TO THE PELVIC EXAMINATION

Start the encounter and conversation while dressed

- Establish a safe space (e.g. introduce pronouns)
- Establish vernacular
  - OK to use terms like vagina, cervix?
- Talk about the examination
  - May benefit from showing instruments
- Encourage presence of support person

#### **COMFORT MEASURES FOR THE PELVIC EXAMINATION**

Consider not using stirrups

Use of varied sized speculums (consider pediatric)

Offer patient to insert speculum

Topical lidocaine prior to insertion



#### COMFORT MEASURES FOR THE PELVIC EXAMINATION

Vaginal estrogen x2 weeks prior to exam, if patient amenable

Oral sedation



Self Swab \*







#### Other considerations for cervical cancer prevention

- Gardasil approved for up to 46 years of age
- Cervical cancer screening up until age 65 for non-immunocompromised patients
  - ONLY if patient has had routine cervical cancer screening

UC San Diego Health

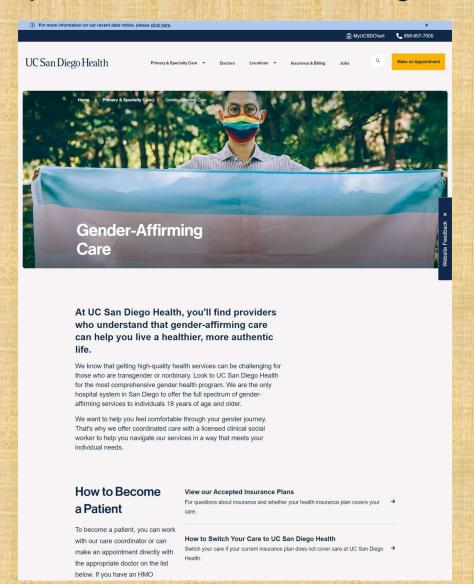
## Questions?

j3alvarado@health.ucsd.edu

### **Gender Affirming Care at UCSD**

https://health.ucsd.edu/care/gender-affirming-care/

Rai Khamisa, LCSW (they/them)
genderhealth@health.ucsd.edu



Providers and Key Services	To better serve the transgender, nonbinary and gender diverse communities, we offer a targeted, multidisciplinary approach to gender health that includes primary care physicians and medical specialists with experience in gender-affirming care. With this comprehensive approach, you can select the services and surgeries that are right for you and your gender health goals.
Primary Care	+
Dermatology	+
Endocrinology	+
ENT	+
Gynecology	+
Fertility	+
Plastic Surgery	+
Psychiatry	+
Reconstructive Urology	+
Urology	+

# Closing & Next Steps



# 1.Complete our survey for this CC QI LC Session II

 Your feedback matters! Let us know how we did: bit.ly/4eVnl0v



### 2. Cancer Prevention 101

Reach out to our COE team at mcccoe@health.ucsd.edu

# 3. Sign up for the CC QI Learning Collaborative

 Recommend topics for our future sessions: bit.ly/3LaPfc8



### 4. Join us for our next meeting!

Happening October 17th, 2024



# Thank you!

Meeting recording, slides and resources coming soon!

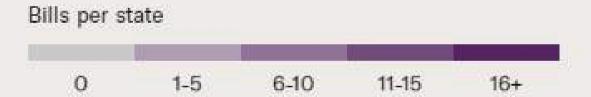
- mcccoe@health.ucsd.edu
- moorescancercenter.ucsd.edu/
- @UCSDCancer\_COE

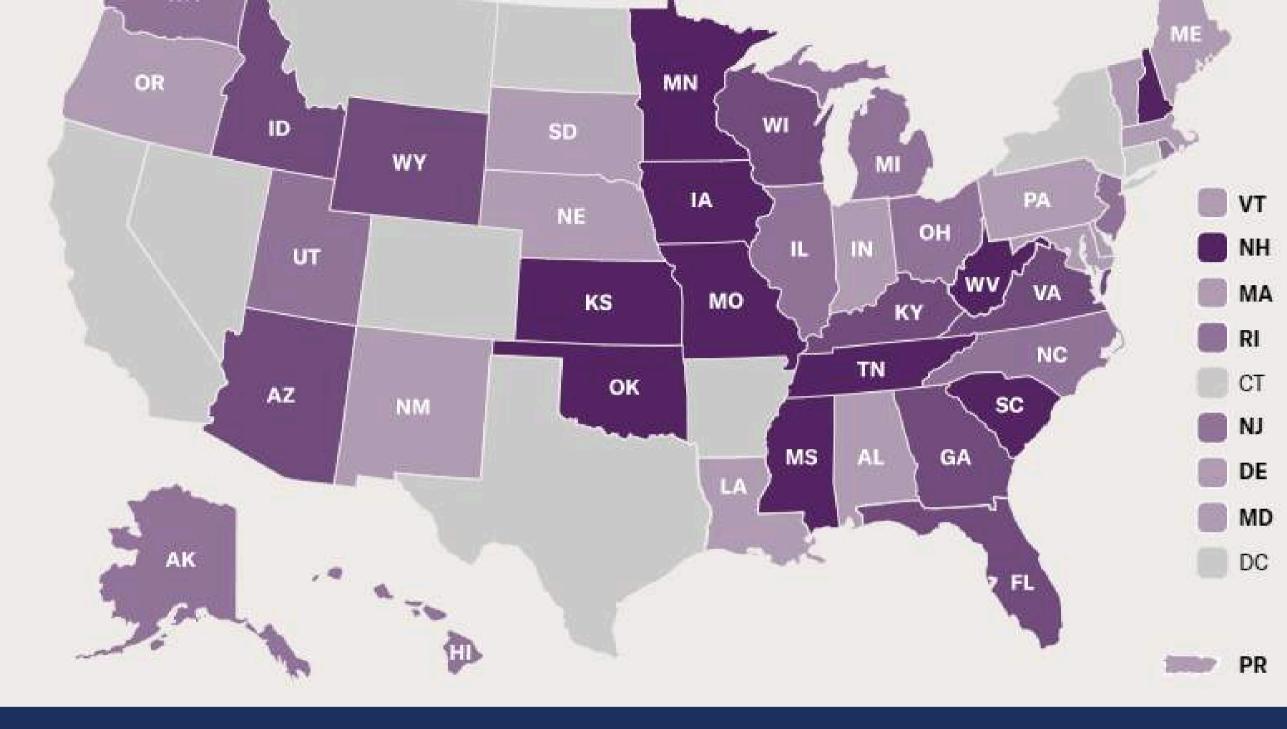


# The ACLU is tracking 527 anti-LGBTQ bills in the U.S.

Choose a state on the map to show the different bills targeting LGBTQ rights and take action. While not all of these bills will become law, they all cause harm for LGBTQ people.

Last updated on June 28, 2024 (i)





# Legislation Matters

- many of these bills directly impact vital access to care
- LGBTQ people have a right to live in safety, to thrive, and to be treated with dignity.